

Exercícios Complementares no Portal Objetivo ING1M103 e ING1M104

I) Underline the correct personal pronouns.

1 "What did those people want?" **He/They** asked **I/me** to help **he/them**."

2 None of **they/them** has accepted the job offer.

3 Both Ann and **he/him** are expecting some mail. Are those letters for **she/her** and **he/him**?

4 That baby has been crying for more than half an hour. **He/She/It** must be hungry.

5 We enjoy surfing more than **she/her** does.

6 Let my friend Jonathan and **I/me** play a duet.

II) Replace the expressions in bold by personal pronouns.

7 Nobody understood what the teacher said but **Helen**.

8 It was **Mrs. Kent** that made the cake.

9 There's a friendly agreement among **the** neighbors.

10 The audience clapped enthusiastically. Obviously **the audience** enjoyed **the play**.

11 Tom's dog is named Calvin. **His dog** is very independent but obeys **Tom** very gladly.

12 I wasn't sure but it appeared to be **my** nephew.

III) Choose the correct personal pronouns.

13 **You/One** eats very well in Paris.

14 **You/One** eat very well in Paris.

15 Well, let's pretend for a moment. I'll be **they/her** and she'll be **them/me**.

16 I phoned Carol last night and gave **she/her** the message.

17 This backpack is Gina's and that one is Michael's. The former belongs to **she/he/him/her** and the latter belongs to **she/he/him/her**.

IV) Write in English.

18 Eles nos culpavam pelo acidente: meu irmão, minha irmã e eu.

19 Há um sério desentendimento entre John e ela.

V) Complete the sentences with the correct pronouns.

20 An uncle of _____ has just got married.
a) your b) ours c) our

21 Bring me some pencils. Choose the blue ____.
a) one b) ones c) ours

22 Everybody has _____ own fate.
a) his b) her c) hers

Text I – HOTEL PLAZA

This luxury hotel is situated on the water's edge of one of the most beautiful beaches in Spain.

For reservations and enquiries:

Phone (6) 527 21 56 Fax (6) 527 15 02

I) Translate the following words.

- 1 luxury = _____
2 edge = _____
3 beaches = _____
4 enquiries = _____

II) Choose the right alternative.

5 According to the advertisement above, it is incorrect to say that the Hotel Plaza:

- a) is situated near the shore.
b) accepts telephone reservations.
c) is very luxurious.
d) is the most beautiful hotel in Spain.
e) is close to a beautiful beach.

Text II – WORLDWATCH

Business journalist £35.000 p.a.

This international business magazine, with 23,000 readers worldwide, requires a journalist to help cover political news in Europe.

The successful applicant will be based in Geneva and should:

- have at least two years' experience in business journalism
- be fluent in French and German, and if possible have some knowledge of Spanish
- have a degree in politics
- have travelled widely

Please write with full CV to David Benton, Worldwatch UK Ltd. 357 Ferry Rd., Basingstoke RG2 5HP

I) Translate the following words.

- 6 magazine = _____
7 readers = _____
8 worldwide = _____
9 requires = _____
10 news = _____
11 successful = _____
12 applicant = _____
13 at least = _____
14 knowledge = _____
15 degree = _____
16 widely = _____

II) Choose the right alternative.

17 The text above is:
a) a newspaper article
b) a job advertisement
c) a holiday brochure
d) a financial report
e) a book review

18 According to the text, it is not necessary that applicants:

- a) speak two or more specific foreign languages.
b) have some previous experience working as a business journalist.
c) want to get involved with European politics.
d) agree to be based in Geneva.
e) send their curriculum in advance.

19 Write in English.

False Cognates

- a) livraria = _____
b) biblioteca = _____
c) charuto = _____
d) cigarro = _____
e) fingir = _____
f) pretender = _____

TEXT

1 "In August 1975, three men were
2 entering a bank, when they got stuck
3 in the revolving doors and had to be
4 helped free by the staff. They had been
5 on their way to rob the Royal Bank of
6 Scotland. They thanked everyone for
7 their help and left. A few minutes later
8 they returned and announced their
9 intention of robbing the bank but
10 nobody believed them. First they
11 demanded \$5,000 but the head
12 cashier only laughed at them, thinking
13 it was a joke. The gang leader
14 reduced his demand to \$500, then to
15 \$50 and finally 50 cents. Then one of
16 the men jumped over the counter and
17 hurt his ankle, while the other two got
18 stuck in the doors again trying to make
19 a getaway."

(FOA)

D) Match the two columns.

1. stuck	1	a) sair
2. revolving	2	b) agradecer
3. free	3	c) saltar sobre
4. staff	4	d) mais tarde
5. on their way	5	e)rir
6. to thank	6	f) chefe do grupo
7. to leave, left, left	7	g) caixa chefe (principal)
8. later	8	h) então
9. to demand	9	i) presos

10. head cashier	10	j) balcão
11. to laugh	11	k) reduzir
12. joke	12	l) equipe
13. gang leader	13	m) exigir
14. to reduce	14	n) ferir, machucar
15. then	15	o) giratórias
16. to jump over	16	p) tornozelo
17. counter	17	q) a caminho
18. to hurt	18	r) fugir
19. ankle	19	s) livres
20. to make a getaway	20	t) piada

II) Choose the correct alternatives.

21 An appropriate title for the passage above would be:

- a) A Narrow Escape
- b) The Worst Bank Robbers
- c) The Heroic Head Cashier
- d) The Importance of Revolving Doors
- e) A Successful Getaway

22 "They" (line 2) refers to:

- a) everyone (line 4)
- b) revolving doors (line 2)
- c) the staff (line 3)

d) three men (line 1)

e) nobody (line 6)

23 The writer's tone in the passage is:

- a) critical
- b) worried
- c) moralistic
- d) ironic
- e) humorous

24 About the word **getaway** (line 2) it is incorrect to say that:

- a) it means "escape"
- b) it is a noun
- c) it is used as a verb
- d) it is part of the expression "make a getaway"
- e) it is properly used in the sentence

25 _____ is a person whose job is to receive and pay out money in a shop, bank, restaurant etc.

- a) Leader
- b) Robber
- c) Counter
- d) Staff
- e) Cashier

26 The words **revolving**, **help** and **counter**, underlined in the text, are respectively

- a) verb, verb, noun
- b) verb, noun, noun
- c) adjective, noun, noun
- d) adjective, verb, noun
- e) adjective, noun, adjective

TEXT I

"Arthur Ferguson sold things which were not his. In 1923 he sold Trafalgar Square to a rich American for \$6,000. In the same year he sold Big Ben for \$1,000 and he accepted a down payment of \$2,000 for Buckingham Palace. Ferguson was finally caught when trying to sell the Statue of Liberty for \$100,000."

(FOA)

Find in the text the equivalent to the following words and/or expressions.

- 1 finalmente = _____
- 2 rico = _____
- 3 no mesmo ano = _____
- 4 vender = _____
- 5 entrada = _____
- 6 apanhado = _____

7 According to the passage, Arthur Ferguson

- a) was a very successful businessman.

b) sold very expensive tours to famous tourist attractions.

c) was the owner of several famous buildings.

d) deceived people and sold buildings which did not belong to him.

e) sold the Statue of Liberty.

8 All the words or expressions below convey the idea of time, except:

- a) in 1923.
- b) in the same year.
- c) finally.
- d) when.
- e) which.

TEXT II

"In 1974 French tight rope walker, Philippe Petit, both delighted and terrified passers-by in New York. Seven times, he crossed and re-crossed a 140 foot long wire stretched between the towers of the World Trade Center – then the world's tallest building. Eventually when he came down, he was arrested."

(FOA)

Find in the text the equivalent to the following words and/or expressions.

- 9 transeuntes = _____
- 10 mais alto = _____
- 11 preso = _____
- 12 encantou = _____
- 13 atravessou = _____
- 14 estendido = _____
- 15 finalmente = _____
- 16 sete vezes = _____
- 17 arame, fio = _____
- 18 então = _____
- 19 desceu = _____

20 A *tight rope walker* (line 1) is:

- a) a person who walks along a rope high above the ground.
- b) a person who usually carries a rope when he walks.
- c) a circus artist who likes to amuse people.
- d) a person who is in a difficult situation.
- e) an athlete..

Exercícios Complementares no Portal Objetivo ING1M107 e ING1M108

GREETINGS AROUND THE WORLD

Thailand

Thais greet one another by pressing their palms together in a prayer-like gesture, called a *wai*. Generally, a young person *wais* an older person, who returns it. Thais do not kiss or hug in public.

Somalia

Greetings in Somalia follow the traditions of other Islamic countries. The common way to greet someone is to say *salam alechem* and to shake his hand. Men and women do not touch each other because of religious rules. So men shake only the hands of men, and women shake only the hands of women.

New Zealand

The original people of New Zealand were the Maori. Their culture is still alive in New Zealand today. Maori people usually greet each other with a hug, but also use a more

traditional greeting called the *hongi*. When two people use the *hongi* to greet each other, they rub noses together with their eyes closed.

Nepal

The traditional greeting in Nepal is called the *namaste*. The palms are pressed together with fingers pointing upward and the head is slightly bowed. When greeting a friend people say *namaste* and with superiors they use *namaskar*. This greeting translates as "I bow to the divine in you."

<http://www1.oup.co.uk/elt/springboard>
(Universidade Passo Fundo)

I) Translate the following words and/or expressions.

- 1) to greet = _____
- 2) together = _____
- 3) prayer-like gesture = _____
- 4) to hug = _____
- 5) to shake one's hands = _____

- 6) to touch = _____
- 7) rules = _____
- 8) alive = _____
- 9) to rub noses = _____
- 10) to point upward = _____
- 11) slightly bowed = _____
- 12) to bow to = _____

II) Choose the correct alternatives.

- 13) Como tema central, o texto aborda
 - a) os cumprimentos tradicionais em diferentes países.
 - b) os constrangimentos que cumprimentos inadequados podem causar.
 - c) a necessidade de se conhecerem as tradições de outros povos.
 - d) os códigos de saudação como fatores de integração entre os povos.
 - e) os costumes mais populares dos países mencionados.

TEXT I

Convenient. *Conveniente*. That's how one could describe the Wizcom Quicktionary, a small, incredibly useful translation device that looks like a pen but does much more. In just a matter of seconds this electronic highlighter translates a word in English into 23 different languages. Pronunciation help follows, with just the click of a button. And, at a cost of \$189, it sure beats years of language lessons.

(Speak Up) UPF

I) Translate the following words.

- 1) to describe = _____
- 2) useful = _____
- 3) device = _____
- 4) pen = _____
- 5) a matter of seconds = _____
- 6) highlighter = _____
- 7) help = _____
- 8) to follow = _____

- 9) at a cost of = _____
- 10) to beat = _____

11) O texto anuncia

- a) uma nova caneta digital com capacidade de traduzir palavras.
- b) um dicionário eletrônico para a tradução rápida de palavras para o inglês.
- c) um lápis eletrônico para tradução e pronúncia de palavras.
- d) um equipamento com capacidade de traduzir palavras e ensinar a pronúncia-las.
- e) um dicionário com um dispositivo eletrônico para a tradução de palavras em 23 diferentes línguas.

12) De acordo com o texto, o novo produto é

- a) útil – rápido – pequeno
- b) conveniente – eficaz – cômodo
- c) cômodo – seguro – inacreditável
- d) prático – inacreditável – rápido
- e) rápido – inacreditável – complexo

TEXT II

"As an American Express Cardmember, you will enjoy a relationship with us that goes beyond the ordinary. You will be treated as

a member, not a number. And you will receive the respect and recognition **seldom** found today."

III) Translate the following words.

- 13) to enjoy = _____
- 14) relationship = _____
- 15) beyond = _____
- 16) ordinary = _____
- 17) to receive = _____
- 18) recognition = _____

IV) Choose the right alternatives.

- 19) De acordo com o texto dado:
 - I. O cliente será tratado com respeito e reconhecimento.
 - II. O relacionamento empresa-cliente irá além do comum.
 - III. Os números falarão mais alto.
- a) Todas estão corretas.
- b) Apenas I e III estão corretas.
- c) Apenas II e III estão corretas.
- d) Apenas I e II estão corretas.
- e) Apenas I está correta.

SUSPECTED THIEF DROWNS

Sun Aug. 18, 7:35 AM ET

TULSA, Oklahoma (Reuters) – A suspected thief, weighed down with more than 50 pounds of stolen cameras and CDs, among other items, drowned as he attempted to evade police by swimming across the Arkansas River, officials said.

The man, identified as Edward McBride, 37, was carrying a bag weighing 50 pounds that contained stolen items and was found Friday with stolen goods also stuffed in his pockets, said Tulsa police spokesman Lucky Lamons.

He was being pursued by Tulsa police who suspected him of robbing a Tulsa home when he jumped into the muddy Arkansas River.

“He got about 40 yards out and yelled for help,” Lamons said. “The officers took off their shirts, shoes and belts and jumped into the river. By the time they reached him, he had gone under.”

Lamons said rescue workers retrieved McBride’s body about an hour later from about 8 feet to 10 feet of water along with the bag containing stolen goods.

(Univ. Fed. Paraná – adapted)

I) Find the equivalent to these words and/or expressions in English. They are underlined in the text to help you.

- 1 resgate = _____
- 2 mais tarde = _____
- 3 bolsos = _____
- 4 quando = _____
- 5 juntamente com = _____
- 6 retiraram = _____
- 7 saltou = _____

FROM RAGS TO RICHES

Joanne Kathleen Rowling, author of the *Harry Potter* series, is a modern-day literary sensation and one of Britain’s richest women. But when she wrote the first book in the series, *Harry Potter and The Philosopher’s Stone*, she was a single mother on welfare struggling to support a young daughter. In fact, Rowling sold the manuscript for her first book for only \$4000. *Harry Potter and The Sorcerer’s Stone* (the name was changed for the American audience) was an immediate success in both the U.K. and the U.S.. By the summer of 2000, this book and the two subsequent books in the series had earned \$480 million, with over 35 million copies in print in 35 languages.

(Speak Up Magazine)

I) Translate the following words and/or expressions.

- 1 rags = _____

- 8 agentes de polícia = _____
- 9 ladrão suspeito = _____
- 10 afogou-se = _____
- 11 fugir = _____
- 12 tiraram = _____
- 13 pesando = _____
- 13 tentativa = _____
- 15 gritou = _____
- 16 autoridades = _____
- 17 sacola = _____
- 18 porta-voz = _____
- 19 artigos roubados = _____
- 20 cintos = _____
- 21 mercadorias = _____
- 22 perseguido = _____
- 23 metidos = _____
- 24 alcançaram = _____
- 25 lamacento = _____
- 26 camisas = _____

II) In each alternative write **T (true)** or **F (false)**.

De acordo com o texto dado, é correto afirmar:

- 27 () Ao fugir da polícia, McBride caiu involuntariamente no rio.
- 28 () McBride tinha 37 anos e era suspeito de ter assaltado uma casa.
- 29 () O peso dos objetos roubados que carregava consigo contribuiu para o afogamento de McBride.
- 30 () McBride se especializava no roubo de joias e quadros.

- 2 riches = _____
- 3 stone = _____
- 4 single = _____
- 5 welfare = _____
- 6 to struggle = _____
- 7 to support = _____
- 8 daughter = _____
- 9 in fact = _____
- 10 to sell, sold, sold = _____
- 11 sorcerer = _____
- 12 both... and = _____
- 13 to earn = _____
- 14 over = _____
- 15 in print = _____
- 16 languages = _____

II) Choose the correct alternatives.

- 17 According to the text,
 - a) J.K. Rowling was a very rich woman when she wrote *Harry Potter* and the

31 () McBride foi retirado do rio ainda com vida, mas morreu logo em seguida.

32 () Os fatos narrados ocorreram no mês de agosto, em Tulsa, no estado americano de Oklahoma.

III) The text contains information on

33 () how McBride died.

34 () why McBride died.

35 () who rescued McBride, preventing him from dying.

36 () when McBride’s body was found.

37 () how much McBride weighed when he died.

IV) According to the text, the police

38 () tried to help McBride before he drowned.

39 () was able to reach McBride in time to arrest him.

40 () shot and killed McBride.

41 () pursued McBride.

42 () found some evidence that McBride was a thief.

V) Give the synonyms of the following words and expressions.

- 43 to attempt = _____
- 44 to pursue = _____
- 45 about 40 yards = _____
- 46 to yell = _____
- 47 by the time = _____
- 48 to retrieve = _____

Philosopher’s Stone.

b) J.K. Rowling was receiving financial help from the state when she sold her first manuscript.

c) J.K. Rowling was married at the time she wrote her first book.

d) *Harry Potter and the Philosopher’s Stone* has been a real success since its launch.

e) Mrs. Rowling earned \$480 million with her first manuscript of *Harry Potter*.

18 Which question cannot be answered using the text information?

- a) Who wrote the *Harry Potter* series?
- b) How many copies of the three first books of the *Harry Potter* series were sold?
- c) How much did Rowling get with the sale of her first manuscript?
- d) Where was *Harry Potter and The Sorcerer’s Stone* an immediate success?
- e) When did Rowling get married?

Exercícios Complementares no Portal Objetivo ING1M111 e ING1M112

I) Circle the correct possessives.

1 Her husband was so hungry that he had all **his/him/hers** cookies and **him/her/hers**, too.

2 Sally had a bad argument with a friend of **her/hers**.

3 This purse isn't **my/mine**. It belongs to Carol. It's **her/hers**.

4 You can wash **your/yours** dirty socks! I'm not going to wash them for you.

5 Jack and Jill have **their/theirs** own offices. In other words, Jack has **his/her/hers** and Jill has **his/her/hers**.

II) Complete with the missing possessives.

6 I see that she has lost _____ pen; perhaps you can lend her _____.

7 They said they would introduce me to a friend of _____ who had a car to sell.

8 "Whose sweater is this?"
"It belongs to my niece. It's _____."

9 Tell him not to forget _____ ticket; she mustn't forget _____ either.

10 They have two of _____ flats in this building, and the house on the corner is also _____.

III) Circle the correct alternatives.

11 A relation of _____ is coming to stay with us next week.

- a) our
- b) us
- c) we
- d) ours
- e) its

12 Sometimes she is allowed to use _____ parents' car, but she wishes she had a car of _____ own.

- a) hers – her
- b) hers – hers
- c) her – hers
- d) her – her
- e) her – its

13 A monkey spends most of _____ time in trees.

- a) its

- b) it
- c) his
- d) their
- e) her

14 Teachers determine _____ students' course of study.

- a) theirs
- b) his
- c) their
- d) its
- e) her

15 _____ is the best disco in town.

- a) Ours disco
- b) Hers disco
- c) Ours
- d) It disco
- e) Our

IV) Write in English.

16 Todos têm de tomar suas próprias decisões na vida.

17 Meninos, estes casacos são seus?

Text

"Yesterday morning there was the biggest chaos ever seen in the central area of London. It was caused by the thousands of people who came into the city by car, since the electric trains are not running because of the strike of train drivers. Journeys across central London which normally take ten minutes took forty minutes, and at one time the traffic was so thick in Piccadilly and Trafalgar Square that it couldn't move at all, and motorists got out of their cars to buy newspapers and magazines to read until the police had managed to get the traffic moving again."

I) Find the equivalent to these words in English. They are underlined in the text to help you.

- 1 motoristas = _____
- 2 greve = _____
- 3 jornais = _____
- 4 milhares = _____

- 5 saíram = _____
- 6 revistas = _____
- 7 já = _____
- 8 conseguido = _____
- 9 trafegando = _____
- 10 denso, pesado = _____
- 11 viagens = _____
- 12 de maneira nenhuma = _____

II) Circle the correct alternatives.

13 There was a chaos in the traffic of London because

- a) a thousand people wanted to see the central area of the city.
- b) a thousand people came to the city by car.
- c) thousands of people came to the city by car.
- d) two thousand people came to the city.
- e) the traffic was the heaviest ever seen in the city.

14 According to the text:

- a) Newspapers in the center of London are normally sold in ten minutes.
- b) It took four times as much as normally to cross the central area of London.
- c) The newspapers took forty minutes to reach the news stands.
- d) The newspapers, which normally take ten minutes to reach the central area of London, took forty minutes yesterday.
- e) To cross the central area to London took only forty minutes yesterday.

15 The text says that

- a) the motorists that got out of their cars to buy newspapers were arrested by the police.
- b) some drivers left their cars and went to read their newspapers in the shops of the city.
- c) the managers of the shops called the police to get the traffic moving.
- d) the drivers of the cars read magazines and newspapers waiting for the traffic to get less thick.
- e) the motorists read while the traffic in London moved normally.

Be aware of some requirements for vaccination. If you are planning to travel to tropical areas, especially during the rain season – November to March – the safest thing to do is to get a yellow fever vaccination and a signed certificate.

The travellers below should not take the vaccine:

- Children under 4 months old;
- People allergic to eggs or egg products;
- Pregnant women;
- People with low immune system (due to HIV infection or other conditions).

(Universidade Federal da Paraíba)

I) Find the equivalent to these words and/or expressions in English. They are underlined in the text to help you.

- 1 grávidas = _____
- 2 febre amarela = _____
- 3 requisitos = _____
- 4 áreas tropicais = _____
- 5 com menos de = _____

- 6 planejando = _____
- 7 temporada de chuva = _____
- 8 a mais segura = _____
- 9 ciente = _____
- 10 vacina = _____
- 11 baixo = _____
- 12 ovos = _____
- 13 assinado = _____
- 14 devido a = _____
- 15 abaixo = _____
- 16 doenças = _____

II) Circle the correct alternatives.

- 17 Based on the text above, decide which of these people can take the yellow fever vaccine now.
- a) Caroline is going to have a baby next July.
 - b) Randall gets sick every time he eats omelette.
 - c) Amanda was born eight months ago.
 - d) Brittany got pneumonia and is in hospital.
 - e) Daniel developed a serious infection yesterday.

18 Which question below is answered in the text?

- a) Where must an ecotourist go to get the vaccination?
- b) What should a person do if he wants to visit tropical areas?
- c) How many seasons are there in hot countries?
- d) Who can sign the travellers' certificate?
- e) What should infected people eat?

19 In: "People with low immune system," the opposite of the underlined adjective is:

- a) above
- b) tall
- c) aloud
- d) high
- e) under

20 The words rain, pregnant and conditions, in the text, are respectively

- a) adjective, adjective, noun
- b) noun, adjective, verb
- c) adjective, noun, noun
- d) noun, adjective, noun
- e) noun, noun, verb

Battling the Bloodlines

It's the small things the Brazilians do that annoy some Japanese in Toyota City. The immigrants don't throw their garbage where they are supposed to. They gather outside and play loud music at night. They play a strange card game that involves yelling "Truco!" at the top of their lungs. To the Japanese in one densely populated public housing complex, it feels as if the foreigners are closing in on them, the smoke from the barbecues suffocating them, the Latin music drowning out an imagined tranquility. Ten years ago there were 200 Brazilians in the complex. Today there are 3,500. "The sidewalks are getting narrower," said a Japanese woman as she maneuvered a grocery cart through a gathering of Brazilian families. "There's no room for us anymore," said her friend.

UNIRP – (Time)

I) Match the columns.

1. to annoy	1	a) jogo de cartas
2. to throw	2	b) estrangeiros
3. garbage	3	c) complexo residencial
4. to gather	4	d) gritar
5. loud	5	e) sufocar, cobrir

6. card game	6	f) vir de todos os, cercar
7. to yell	7	g) churrascos
8. lungs	8	h) aborrecer, incomodar
9. housing complex	9	i) fumaça
10. foreigners	10	j) calçadas
11. to close in	11	k) jogar, atirar
12. smoke	12	l) espaço
13. barbecues	13	m) manobrar
14. to drown out	14	n) mais estreitas
15. sidewalks	15	o) reunir-se
16. narrower	16	p) lixo
17. to maneuver	17	q) pulmões
18. room	18	r) alto

II) Choose the correct alternatives.

- 19 O texto revela
- a) a grande estima que os japoneses têm pelos brasileiros.
 - b) que os japoneses apreciam música latina.
 - c) dificuldades no relacionamento entre imigrantes brasileiros e residentes japoneses.
 - d) que as calçadas da cidade de Toyota são muito estreitas.

e) que a população do Japão aumentou consideravelmente nos últimos anos.

20 "There's no room for us anymore."

Qual a melhor tradução?

- a) Não há mais espaço para nós.
- b) Perdemos o rumo para sempre.
- c) Não há mais quartos disponíveis.
- d) Não há companheiros de quarto para nós.
- e) Não temos mais direitos.

21 "grocery cart"

Como você traduziria?

- a) carta com grosserias.
- b) carrinho de verduras.
- c) pequeno caminhão de feira.
- d) alvará de funcionamento.
- e) carteira de comerciante.

22 In: "The immigrants don't throw their garbage where they are supposed to", the underlined expression could be translated as

- a) onde eles supõem
- b) quando eles querem
- c) onde eles estão acostumados
- d) onde se espera que eles o façam
- e) quando eles não têm vontade

23 "at the top of their lungs" means:

- a) in a low voice
- b) very loud
- c) in a trembling voice
- d) sincerely
- e) very angrily

Exercícios Complementares no Portal Objetivo ING1M115 e ING1M116

A seven-year-old girl with only half a brain has astonished doctors in Holland by becoming fluent in two languages, reports The Daily Telegraph. The child was diagnosed with a rare progressive brain disorder when she was three. To treat the condition surgeons had to remove the left hemisphere of her brain – which contains the speech centre – and fill the gap with marrow fluid. But when the girl was admitted to hospital earlier this year with tonsillitis, doctors discovered that she is now bilingual in Dutch and Turkish. “It was amazing,” said Dr Johannes Borgstein. “I had to tell my students to forget all the neurophysiological theory they were learning. If this little girl could achieve so much with only half a brain, _____.”

(VUNESP)

I) Match the columns.

1. half	1	a) tornar-se
2. brain	2	b) fala
3. to astonish	3	c) relatar
4. to become	4	d) disfunção
5. languages	5	e) lacuna
6. to report	6	f) medula
7. rare	7	g) cérebro
8. disorder	8	h) espantoso

9. to treat	9	i) surpreender
10. surgeons	10	j) línguas
11. left	11	k) rara
12. speech	12	l) meio, metade
13. to fill	13	m) encher, preencher
14. gap	14	n) realizar
15. marrow	15	o) tratar
16. earlier this year	16	p) amidalite
17. tonsillitis	17	q) turco
18. Dutch	18	r) esquerdo
19. Turkish	19	s) aprender
20. amazing	20	t) esquecer
21. to forget	21	u) cirurgias
22. to learn	22	v) holandeses
23. to achieve	23	x) no começo deste ano

II) Circle the correct alternatives.

24 De acordo com o texto, a menina surpreendeu os médicos porque
a) era bilíngue aos 3 anos de idade.
b) sobreviveu após uma cirurgia arriscada.
c) apesar de possuir a metade do cérebro, fala dois idiomas.

d) é a primeira holandesa a falar turco.
e) está curada de uma grave doença no cérebro.

25 A leitura do texto permite concluir que
a) o lado esquerdo do cérebro da menina só ficou comprometido após uma cirurgia.
b) os cirurgiões constataram que havia uma lacuna no cérebro da menina.
c) a criança sofre de uma doença rara que chegou a comprometer a metade do seu cérebro.
d) os médicos mantiveram a parte do cérebro que diz respeito à fala.
e) os médicos retiraram uma parte do cérebro da menina após diagnosticarem a disfunção cerebral.

26 De acordo com o texto,
a) os médicos ficaram sabendo do sucesso da cirurgia realizada quando a paciente estava com 7 anos.
b) aos 7 anos a menina foi levada ao hospital com crise de amidalite.
c) os professores da Faculdade de Medicina passaram a desconsiderar as teorias neurofisiológicas.
d) o Dr. Borgstein atendeu a menina quando ela estava com 3 anos e quando estava com 7 anos.
e) os alunos da Faculdade de Medicina ficaram alarmados ao descobrir que a doença da menina progrediu.

ELEVEN
THE NUMBER OF WAR AND PEACE

The history of humanity changed with the events of 11th September, 2001, the outcome of which was a conflict of worldwide proportions, with consequences which could be apocalyptic. After these happenings, lots of unbelievable coincidences with the number eleven were discovered by Geraldo de Oliveira, from Rio de Janeiro.

Believe it or not, these coincidences are here to stay.

- The day of the attack on the USA: 11/9. The sum of 1 + 1 + 9 is 11.
- The 11th of September is the 254th day of the year. The sum of 2 + 5 + 4 is 11.
- After the 11th of September, 111 days remain until the end of the year.
- The attack occurred in the 218th year of the Independence of the USA. The sum of 2 + 1 + 8 is 11.
- The 11th of September attack occurred 11 years after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in 1990.

- The State of New York is the 11th in the Union.
- New York City and The Pentagon have 11 letters each.
- Each of the twin towers in New York had 110 floors, which is 11 times 10.
- Side by side, the towers formed a gigantic number 11.
- The flight number of the first plane to hit one of the towers was 11. This plane carried 11 crew members and 92 passengers (9 + 2 = 11).
- The flight number of the second plane was 77 (11 times 7) and it carried 65 passengers (6 + 5 = 11).
- On the day following the attacks, the American government adopted 11 measures to protect airports.

(Adapted from *Poltrona Magazine* p. 74) – UEPB

I) Translate the following words and/or expressions.

- 1 to change = _____
- 2 outcome = _____

- 3 worldwide = _____
- 4 happenings = _____
- 5 unbelievable = _____
- 6 to stay = _____
- 7 sum = _____
- 8 to remain = _____
- 9 until = _____
- 10 letters = _____
- 11 twin towers = _____
- 12 floors = _____
- 13 flight number = _____
- 14 to hit = _____
- 15 to carry = _____
- 16 crew = _____
- 17 following = _____
- 18 measures = _____

We were in our boat far from the shore trying to fish. It was late at night. The sky was clear. We could see every single star in the sky. We were miles from home when we suddenly saw a bright white light in the sky. A huge triangular ship with glowing red lights came **hovering over** our boat. Then we heard a sound coming from the ship. A bright blue light coming from the ship beamed me into the UFO. The aliens were 6 feet tall with huge grey heads and dark black, **insectlike eyes**. I asked them why they wanted me. They communicated telepathically that they needed my DNA to help save their species by creating a hybrid alien/human life form who looked like me. Then they began to clone my body. After a while I was beamed back into my boat where my friends totally confused could not understand what had been going on ...

(taken from <http://ufos.com/>)

I) Translate the following words and/or expressions.

- 1 far from = _____
- 2 shore = _____
- 3 late = _____
- 4 clear = _____
- 5 star = _____
- 6 suddenly = _____
- 7 bright = _____
- 8 huge = _____
- 9 glowing = _____
- 10 beamed = _____
- 11 6 feet tall = _____
- 12 grey = _____
- 13 looked like me = _____
- 14 to clone = _____
- 15 after a while = _____
- 16 going on = _____

17 Give the meaning of “insectlike eyes”.

- a) someone who doesn't like insects.
- b) someone who looks like an insect.
- c) resembling insect eyes.
- d) different from insect eyes.
- e) someone who is afraid of insects.

18 The expression “hovering over”, underlined in the text, means:

- a) subindo
- b) parando
- c) movendo-se paralelamente a
- d) atravessando
- e) pairando sobre

19 Which of these words is not related to **boat**?

- a) truck b) cab c) tram
- d) train e) tax

20 Circle the wrong pair of opposites

- a) late – early b) clear – dark
- c) huge – enormous d) far from – near
- e) tall – short

JAPAN

A LOVELY RICH SURPRISING LAND

More than 4.7 million people visit Japan each year. This country is one of the most adaptable nations on earth.

In 1945, two atomic bombs fell on Hiroshima and Nagasaki and left Japan in ruins. Today Japan is one of the largest economies in the world. For this reason it is not surprising that the Japanese are proud of their achievements as listed below:

- Japan builds more ships and makes more cars and motorbikes than any other country.
- One out of every three television sets in Britain is made in Japan.
- Japan is the most famous country in the world for audio, video and photographic equipment and is a world leader in many areas of new technology.

In the first semester of 2002 the whole world turned its attention to Japan, the host of the World Cup. It was a proud and joyful moment for the Japanese nation. These emotions were shared by the Brazilians, who won their 5th World Title in that land.

(UEPB)

I) Find the equivalent to these words and/or expressions in English. They are underlined in the text to help you.

- 1 líder mundial = _____
- 2 ganharam = _____
- 3 uma das maiores = _____
- 4 terra = _____
- 5 constrói = _____
- 6 equipamento = _____
- 7 título = _____
- 8 encantadora = _____
- 9 uma entre três = _____
- 10 qualquer outro = _____
- 11 anfitrião = _____
- 12 caíram = _____
- 13 realizações = _____
- 14 voltou = _____
- 15 orgulhosos = _____
- 16 em ruínas = _____
- 17 abaixo = _____
- 18 alegre, feliz = _____

19 According to the text, the most important realizations of Japan are in

- a) health b) education c) technology
- d) politics e) religion

20 Identify the **True** (T) and **False** (F) sentences:

- () A informação de que o Brasil foi campeão no Japão em 2002, encontra-se no último parágrafo do texto.
- () O Japão já sediou outras copas mundiais.
- () Três bombas destruíram duas cidades japonesas.

The correct alternative is:

- a) FFT b) FTF c) TFT
- d) TTF e) TFF

21 The word “**shared**” in the sentence “These emotions were shared by the Brazilians” means:

- a) compartilhadas b) sentidas
- c) percebidas d) pretendidas
- e) apreendidas

22 The words **surprising**, **economies** and **world**, in the text, are respectively

- a) adjective, noun, adjective
- b) verb, noun, noun
- c) adjective, noun, noun
- d) verb, noun, adjective
- e) adjective, adjective, noun

23 How would you say 2002 in English?

- a) Two hundred, two
- b) Two hundreds and two
- c) Two thousands, two
- d) Two thousand and two
- e) Twenty and two

24 **Proud** means orgulhoso. How would you say **orgulho**?

- a) proudness b) proudly c) prize
- d) pride e) private